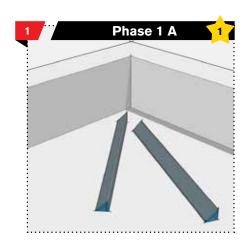
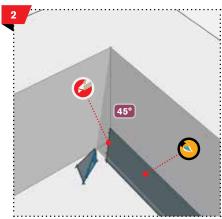
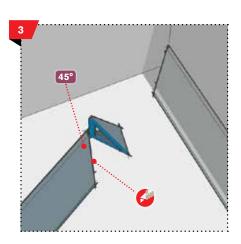
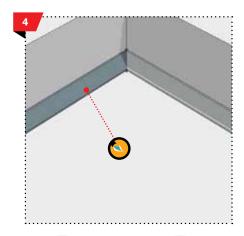


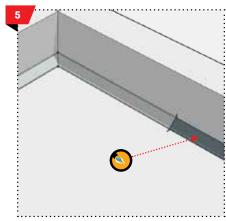
| Phase | Procedure | Illustration number reference |
|---------|--|-------------------------------|
| Phase 1 | CANT BIT angle fillet application | |
| A | Internal corner construction | from 1 to 5 |
| В | External corner construction | from 6 to 10 |
| Phase 2 | Waterproofing element application | |
| A | Internal corner construction | from 11 to 14 |
| В | External corner construction | from 15 to 16 |
| Phase 3 | Doubled corner application | |
| A | Internal corner construction | from 17 to 25 |
| В | External corner construction | from 26 to 31 |

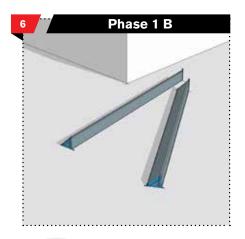














Cut







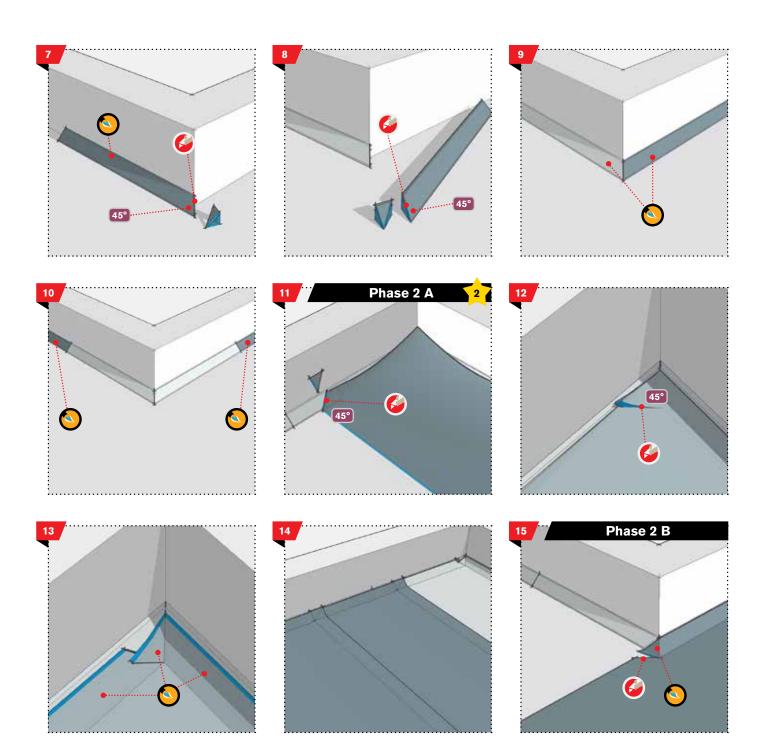


Heat this surface with a torch

Heat the back with a torch before applying to the substrate

Linear cut or surface **measurement**

Corner measurement





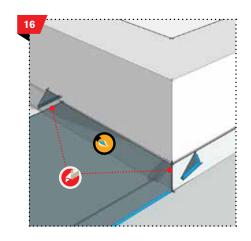
Apply the corner fillet CANT BIT pre-formed from bitumen membrane, sized 45x35 mm, heat with torch or hot air, at all vertical up-stands.

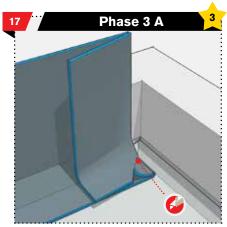


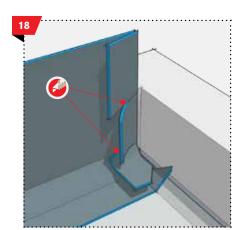
The horizontal waterproof membrane must rise at least 10 cm on the vertical and will be applied by heat torching or hot air. Joint grouting is

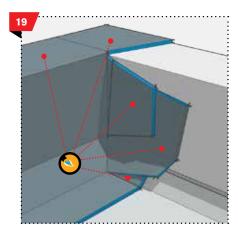
not necessary for this procedure.

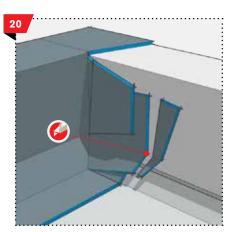


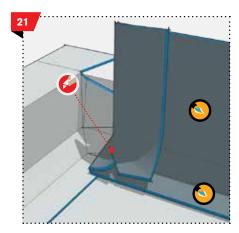


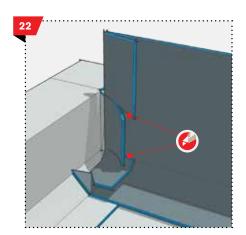


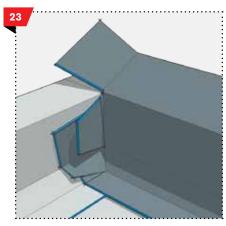


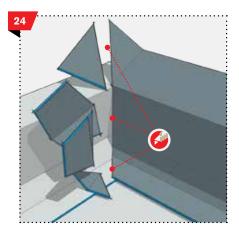








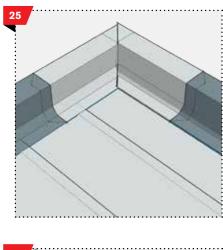


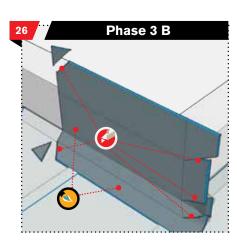


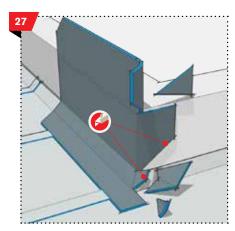


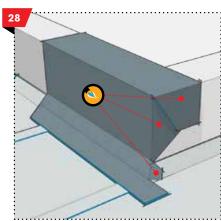
Apply the vertical waterproofing membrane strip with the same characteristics as the waterproofing on the horizontal surface and dimensions equal to the roll width,

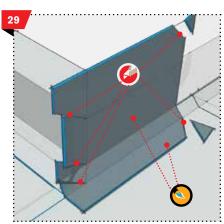
which will overlap the horizontal surface by at least 10 cm, and bonded by heat torching or hot air, pressing the laps with a hot trowel to have the melted compound protrude to finish the edges. Vertical height will be greater than or equal to 15 cm above the upper roof finish layer.

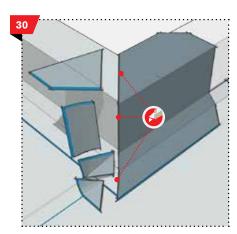


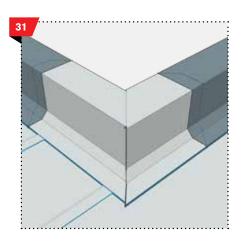






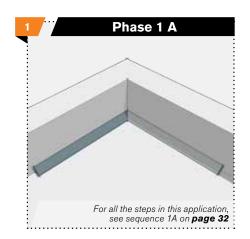


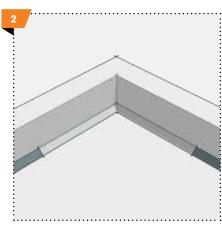


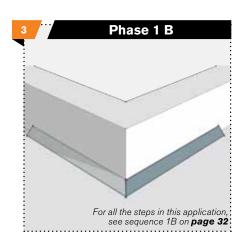


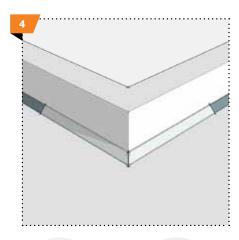


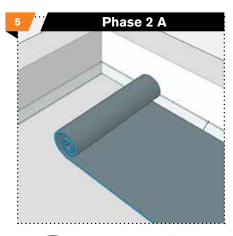
| Phase | Procedure | Illustration number reference |
|---------|--|-------------------------------|
| Phase 1 | CANT BIT angle fillet application | |
| A | Internal corner construction | from 1 to 2 |
| В | External corner construction | from 3 to 4 |
| Phase 2 | Waterproofing element application | |
| A | Internal corner construction | from 5 to 6 |
| В | External corner construction | 7 |
| Phase 3 | Protection element application | |
| A | Internal corner construction | from 8 to 11 |
| В | External corner construction | from 12 to 14 |
| Phase 4 | Doubled corner application | |
| Α | Internal corner construction | from 15 to 23 |
| В | External corner construction | from 24 to 29 |

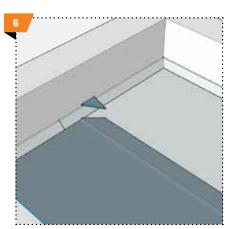














Cut







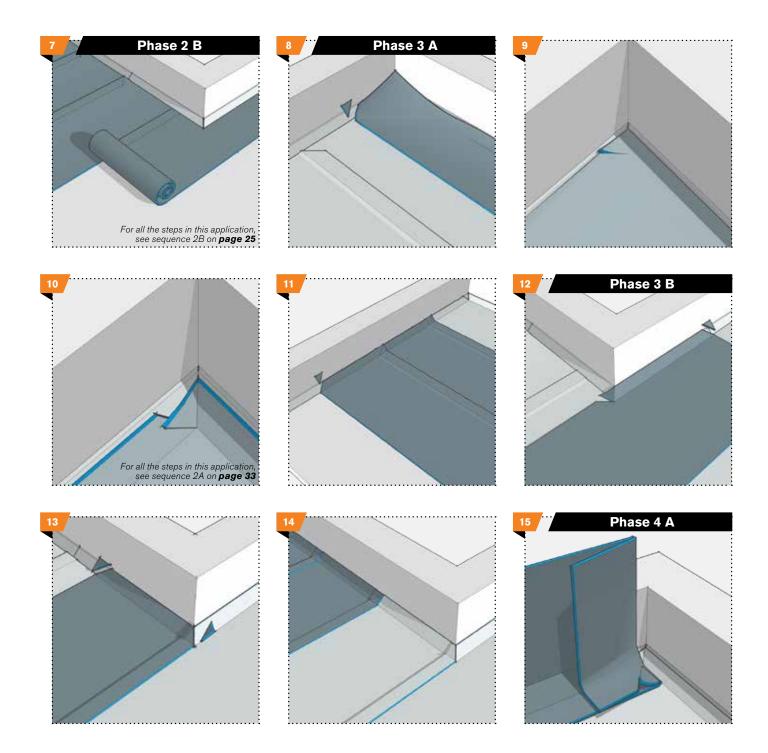


Heat this surface with a torch

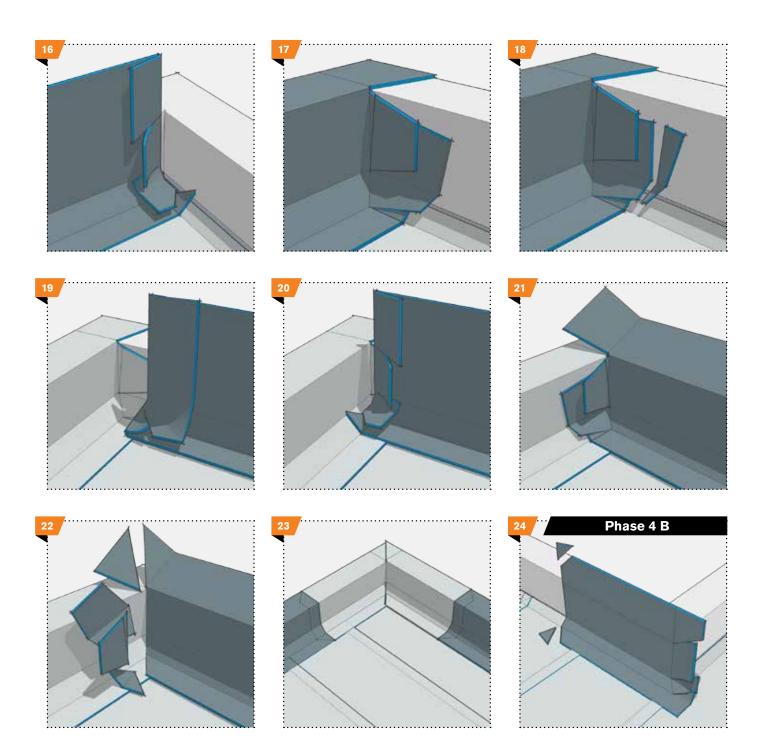
Heat the back with a torch before applying to the substrate

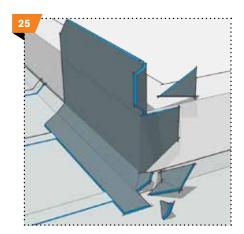
Linear cut or surface **measurement**

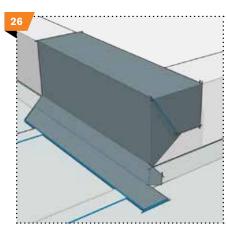
Corner measurement

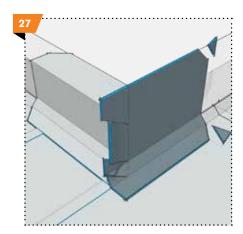


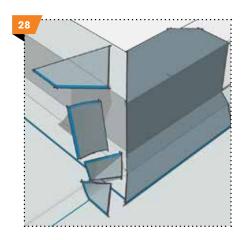


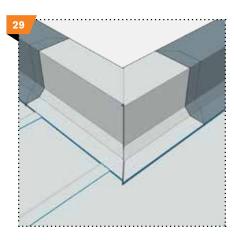














DRAINS

| Case | Procedure | Illustration number reference |
|--------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Case 1 | Single layer drain outlet | from 1 to 7 |
| Case 2 | Warm roof coaxial drain outlet | from 8 to 19 |
| Case 3 | Double layer drain outlet | 20 |
| Case 4 | Green roof draining drain outlet | 21 |
| Case 5 | "Overflow" drains | 22 |











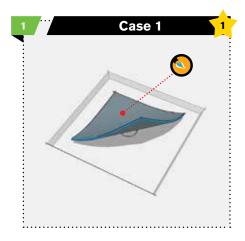
Cut

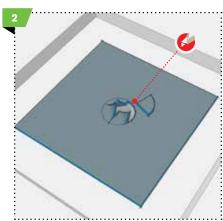
Heat this surface with a torch

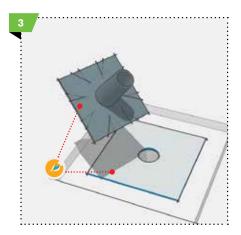
Heat the back with a torch before applying to the substrate

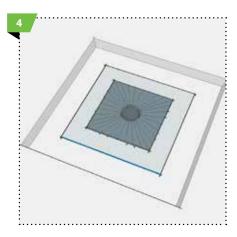
Linear cut or surface **measurement**

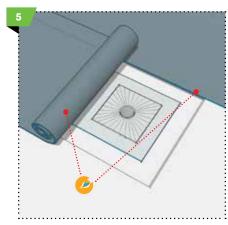
Corner measurement

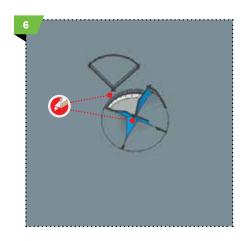








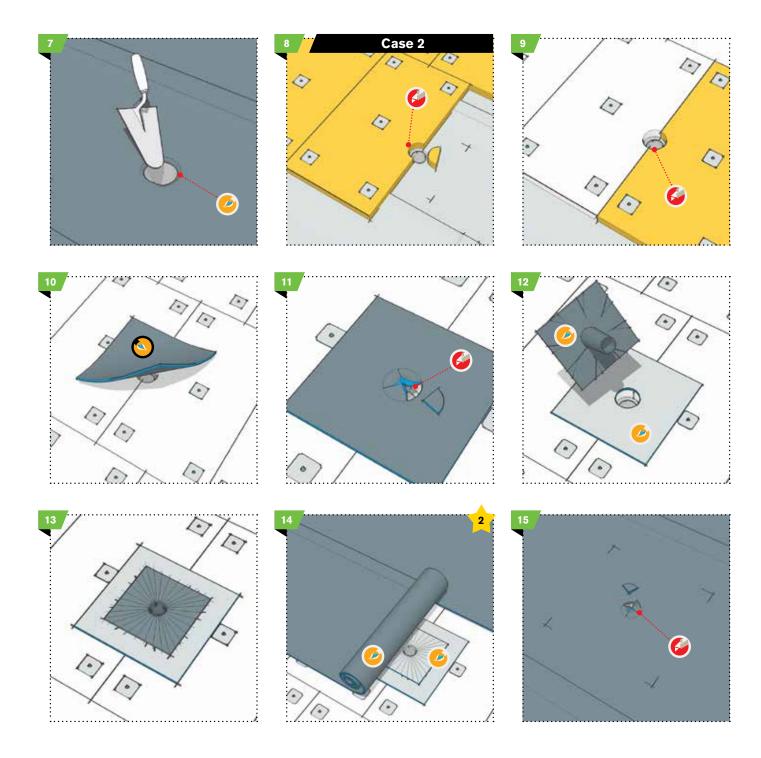




- 1
- The drain base must be at least 5 cm recessed in a 0.25 square metre area.
- Apply a piece of membrane sized 50x50 cm.
- Apply the prefabricated drain outlet after spreading bituminous mastic on the lower flange.
- We recommend treating the upper part of the drain outlet with solvent or bitumen primer, since prefabricated drain outlets are covered with release substances that prevent perfect bitumen membrane adhesion.
- Push the outlet into the housing.

These procedures are not required when using distilled polymer-bitumen membrane prefabricated outlets. Only apply the prefabricated bitumen drain outlet by heat torching the lower flange surface.

DRAINS



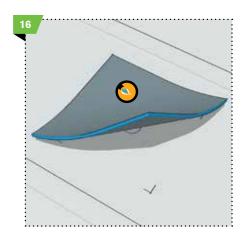


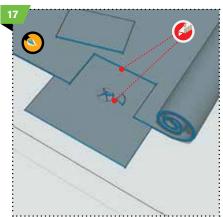
Heat torch the horizontal surface of the distilled polymer-bitumen membrane by torch or hot air, being careful to have the

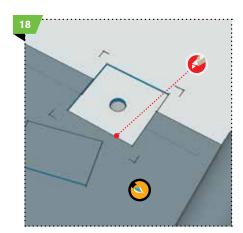
membrane adhere to the drain outlet and protruding piece of membrane. Restore the drain hole with a cutter. Finish edges

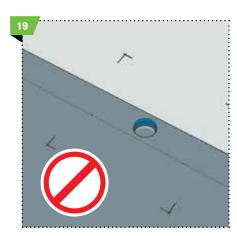
with a hot trowel. Protect the drain with the leaf guard or gravel guard for reversed roofs.

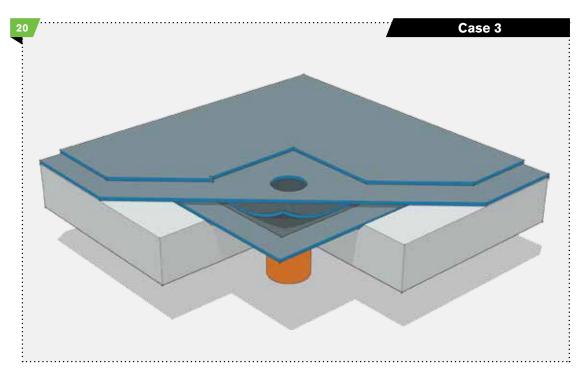






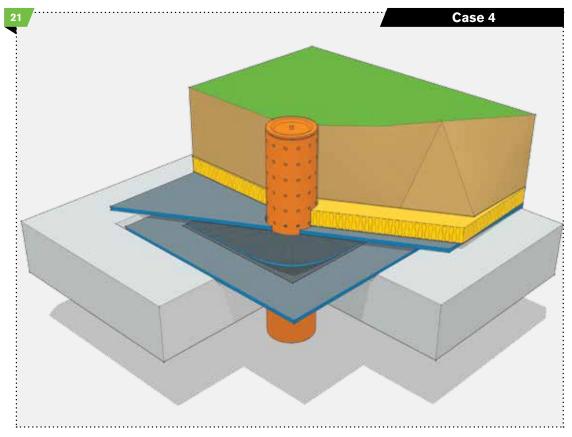




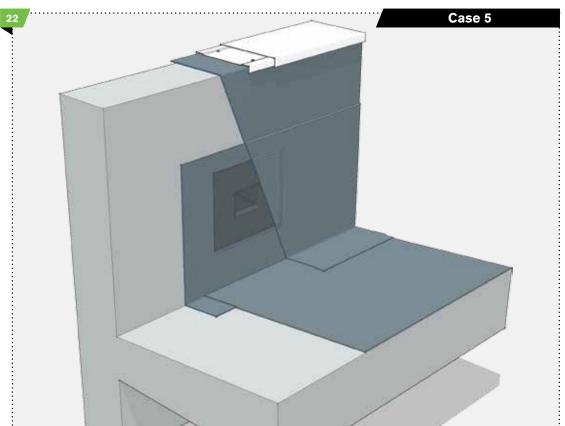


Double layer drain outlet

DRAINS



Green roof draining drain outlet



"Overflow" drains

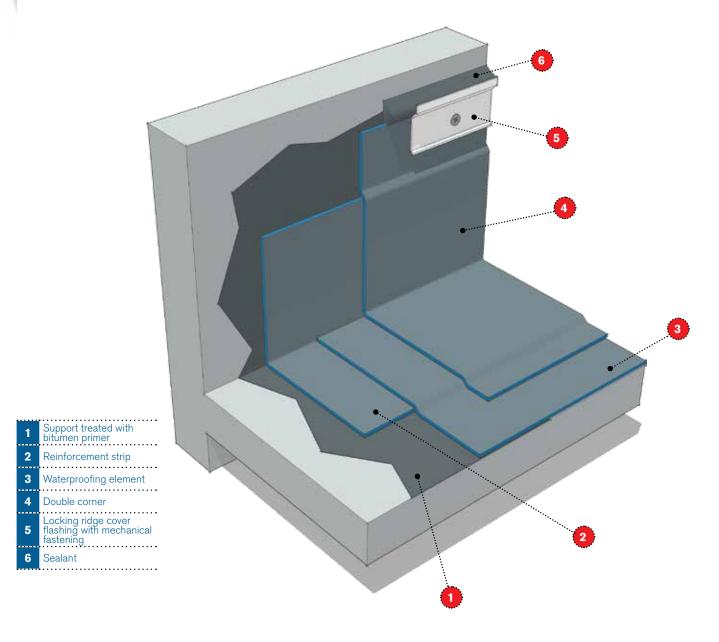
note

"Overflow" drains must be installed to guarantee rain water removal in the event of accidental drain clogging. The drain must be placed midway between the drain and highest point on the surface.



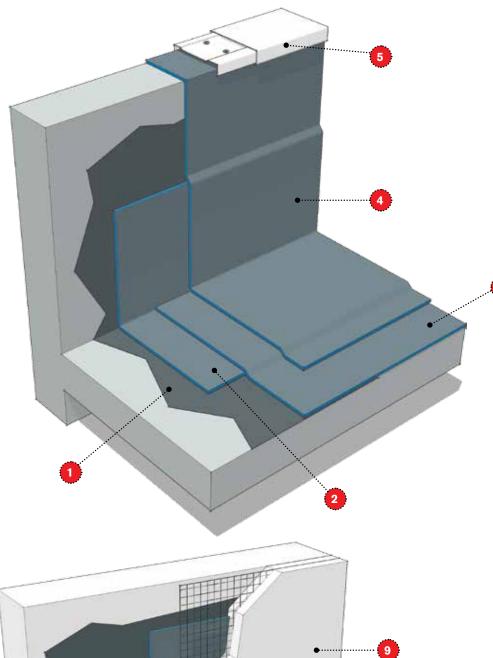
FINISHES







- Support treated with bitumen primer
- 2 Reinforcement strip
- 3 Waterproofing element
- 4 Double corner
- Locking ridge cover flashing with mechanical fastening



Vertical lap finish under plaster

- Substrate treated with bitumen primer
- 2 Reinforcement strip
- 3 Waterproofing element
- 4 Double corner
- 5 Perimeter protection collapsing element
- 6 Anti-puncture element
- 7 Release element
- 8 Floor
- 9 Plaster with mesh

